## **Muscles of Trunk**

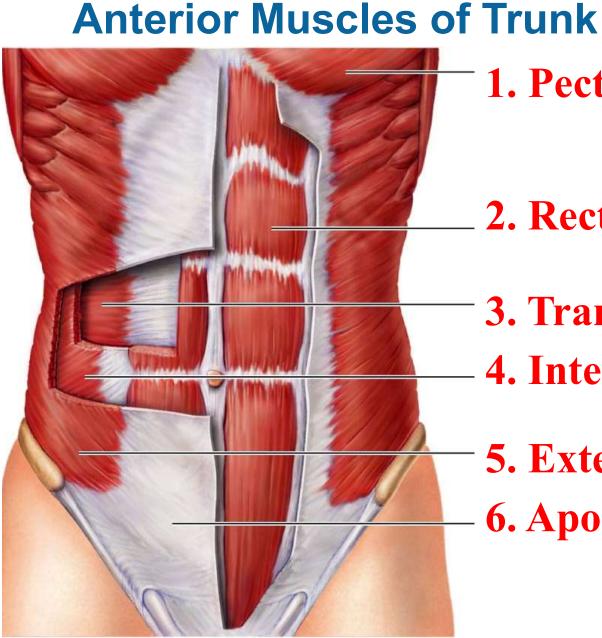
- Anterior muscles
  - Pectoralis major— adducts and flexes the humerus
  - Intercostal muscles (rib cage)
    - External intercostals— raise rib cage during inhalation
    - Internal intercostals— depress the rib cage to move air out of the lungs during exhalation

## **Muscles of Trunk**

- Muscles of the abdominal girdle
  - Rectus abdominis—flexes vertebral column and compresses abdominal contents (defecation, childbirth, forced breathing)
  - External and internal obliques—flex vertebral column; rotate trunk and bend it laterally
  - Transversus abdominis— compresses abdominal contents

## **Muscles of Trunk**

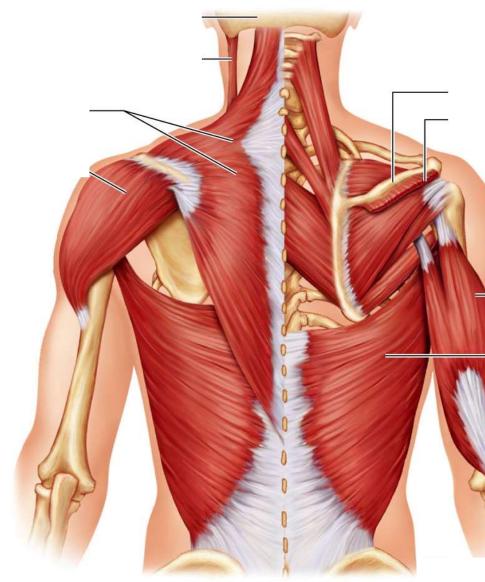
- Posterior muscles
  - Trapezius—elevates, depresses, adducts, and stabilizes the scapula
  - Latissimus dorsi—extends and adducts the humerus
  - Erector spinae— extension of back
  - Quadratus lumborum—flexes the spine laterally
  - Deltoid—arm abduction



1. Pectoralis major

- 2. Rectus abdominis
- 3. Transversus abdominis
  4. Internal oblique
- 5. External oblique6. Aponeurosis

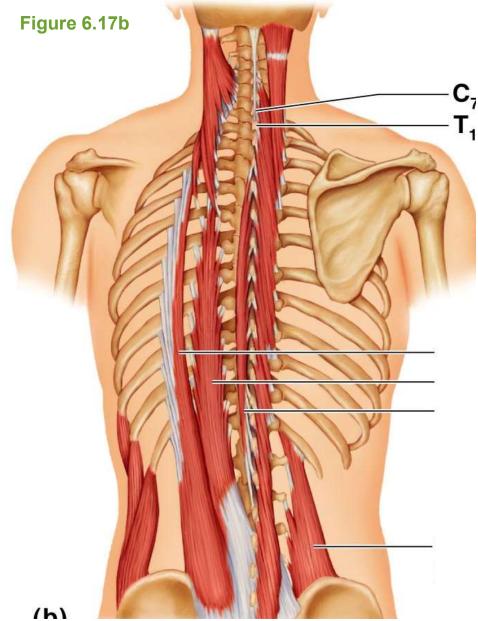
# **Muscles of Posterior Neck, Trunk, Arm**



#### **ANSWERS:**

- 14. Occipital bone
- 15. Sternocleidomastoid
- 16. Trapezius
- 17. Deltoid
- 18. Spine of scapula
- 19. Deltoid (cut)
- 20. Triceps brachii
- 21. Latissimus dorsi
- 22. Humerus

## **Deep Muscles of Posterior Neck & Trunk**



**ANSWERS:** 

23. Iliocostalis 24. Longissimus **25.** Spinalis 26. Quadratus lumborum